Amendments to the Claims

1. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method of enhancing cache performance, the method comprising:

receiving a temporal data reference profile for a computer program; detecting one or more hot data streams in the temporal data reference profile;

analyzing the one or more hot data streams and the temporal data reference profile to determine a coallocation solution for allocations in heap memory, the coallocation solution comprising direction to allocate particular heap objects to particular heap memory arenas; and

enforcing the coallocation solution during subsequent execution of the computer program by coallocating sets of heap objects in heap memory arenas according to the direction of the coallocation solution in order to improve locality for accesses of the heap objects.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the temporal data reference profile traces accesses of objects, and wherein the one or more hot data streams are for object accesses.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the temporal data reference profile traces accesses of object fields, and wherein the one or more hot data streams are for object field accesses.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the coallocation solution includes one or more of field reordering, object splitting, and object merging.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

altering a computer program to implement the coallocation solution.

6. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the altering comprises binary rewriting of a computer program.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the altering comprises rewriting of part of source code of the computer program under control of a programmer.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the altering comprises adjusting executable code for the computer program at compile time.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

after the altering, executing the computer program, wherein run time support software enforces the coallocation solution.

- 10. (Original) A computer-readable medium storing the computer program altered according to the method of claim 5.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the coallocation solution is based at least in part on results of weighted set packing analysis for plural coallocation sets.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein each of the plural coallocation sets comprises a set of allocation sites for objects in one of the hot data streams.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein each of the plural coallocation sets comprises a set of allocation sites for object fields in one of the hot data streams.
 - 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the analyzing comprises: computing a heat value for each of the one or more hot data streams; and computing a weight value for each of the one or more hot data streams.
 - 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the analyzing further comprises: avoiding double counting for sub-sets among the one or more hot data streams.

- 16. (Original) A computer-readable medium storing computer-executable instructions for causing a computer system programmed thereby to perform the method of claim 1.
- 17. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium storing computer-executable instructions for causing a computer system programmed thereby to perform a method of enhancing cache performance, the method comprising:

receiving a profile of object field accesses for a computer program;

determining a coallocation solution based at least in part upon the profile, wherein the coallocation solution comprises one or more directions to allocate particular heap objects to particular heap memory arenas to increases locality of object fields in a layout in memory to improve cache performance; and

enforcing the coallocation solution during subsequent execution of the computer program by coallocating sets of heap objects in heap memory arenas according to the one or more directions of the coallocation solution in order to improve locality for accesses of the heap objects.

- 18. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the profile is a temporal data reference profile that traces the object field accesses.
- 19. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the method further comprises:

detecting one or more hot data streams in the profile.

20. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the coallocation solution includes object restructuring in a computer program, and the wherein enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

executing the computer program after the object restructuring, wherein the coallocation solution guides object-level allocations in heap memory.

21. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 20 wherein the object restructuring includes field reordering.

- 22. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 20 wherein the object restructuring includes object splitting.
- 23. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 20 wherein the object restructuring includes object merging.
- 24. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the coallocation solution includes object restructuring in a computer program, the method further comprising: performing the object restructuring at design time.
- 25. (Original) A computer-readable medium storing the computer program altered according to the method of claim 24.
- 26. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the coallocation solution includes object restructuring in a computer program and enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

performing the object restructuring at run time.

27. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

executing a computer program, wherein the coallocation solution guides field-level allocations in heap memory.

28. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 17 wherein the determining comprises:

computing a weighted set packing for one or more field coallocation sets; and selecting the coallocation solution.

29. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium storing computer-executable instructions for causing a computer system programmed thereby to perform a method of enhancing cache performance, the method comprising:

receiving a comprehensive temporal data access profile for a computer program;

detecting one or more data access patterns in the temporal data access profile, each of the one or more data access patterns including plural data accesses and occurring one or more times in the temporal data access profile;

analyzing the one or more data access patterns and the temporal data access profile to determine a coallocation solution for allocations in memory, the coallocation solution comprising one or more directions to allocate particular heap objects to particular heap memory arenas; and

enforcing the coallocation solution during subsequent execution of the computer program by coallocating sets of heap objects in heap memory arenas according to the one or more directions of the coallocation solution in order to improve locality for accesses of the heap objects.

- 30. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the temporal data access profile traces accesses of objects, and wherein the one or more data access patterns are for object accesses.
- 31. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the temporal data access profile traces accesses of object fields, and wherein the one or more data access patterns are for object field accesses.
- 32. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the coallocation solution includes field reordering.
- 33. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the coallocation solution includes object splitting.
- 34. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the coallocation solution includes object merging.

- 35. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the coallocation solution is for guiding memory placement decisions for heap objects in subsequent execution of the computer program.
- 36. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein enforcing the coallocation solution comprises altering the computer program to implement the coallocation solution.
- 37. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 36 wherein the altering comprises binary rewriting of the computer program.
- 38. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 36 wherein the altering comprises rewriting of part of source code of the computer program under control of a programmer.
- 39. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 36 wherein the altering comprises adjusting executable code for the computer program at compile time.
- 40. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 36 wherein enforcing the coallocation solution further comprises:

after the altering, executing the computer program, wherein run time support software enforces the coallocation solution.

- 41. (Original) A computer-readable medium storing the computer program altered according to the method of claim 36.
- 42. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the temporal data access profile includes a series of data accesses spanning execution of the computer program during a profiling run.

43. (Previously presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 29 wherein the coallocation solution is for guiding memory placement decisions for heap objects in subsequent execution of the computer program, and enforcing the coallocation solution comprises:

coallocating a first set of heap objects in a first heap memory arena to improve locality for accesses of the first set of heap objects;

coallocating a second set of heap objects in a second heap memory arena to improve locality for accesses of the second set of heap objects; and

allocating other heap objects in a default heap memory arena.

44. (Currently amended) A system for coallocating data in memory to improve cache performance, the system comprising:

an analysis module for determining a coallocation solution based at least in part upon a temporal data access profile of a computer program, the coallocation solution comprising one or more directions to allocate particular heap objects to particular heap memory arenas;

an instrumentation module for automating alteration of the computer program based at least in part upon the coallocation solution; and

an enforcement module for automatically enforcing the coallocation solution during execution of the altered computer program by coallocating sets of heap objects in heap memory arenas according to the one or more directions of the coallocation solution.

- 45. (Original) The system of claim 44 further comprising: a profiling module for generating the temporal data access profile.
- 46. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the instrumentation module comprises a binary re-writer.
- 47. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the instrumentation module automates changing of heap allocation requests to heap coallocation requests.

- 48. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the enforcement module comprises a library for run time support of heap coallocation requests.
- 49. (Original) The system of claim 44 further comprising a plurality of memory arenas in which to implement the coallocation solution.
- 50. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the analysis module determines a heat value for each of one or more hot data streams in the temporal data access profile.
- 51. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the temporal data access profile traces object field accesses.
- 52. (Original) The system of claim 44 wherein the temporal data access profile traces object accesses.